#### TRICON RESIDENTIAL INC.

# AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER (the "Charter")

#### 1. Purpose

The Audit Committee (the "Committee") is appointed by the board of directors (the "Board") of Tricon Residential Inc. (the "Corporation") to assist in the oversight and evaluation of:

- the quality and integrity of the financial statements of the Corporation;
- the internal control and financial reporting systems of the Corporation;
- the compliance by the Corporation with legal and regulatory requirements in respect of financial disclosure;
- the qualification, independence and performance of the Corporation's independent auditors;
- the performance of the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer; and
- any additional duties set out in this Charter or otherwise delegated to the Committee by the Board.

In addition, the Committee provides an avenue for communication between the independent auditor, financial management, other employees and the Board concerning accounting and auditing matters.

The Committee is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention (and termination) and oversight of the work of the independent auditor (including oversight of the resolution of any disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing audit reports or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation.

The Committee is not responsible for:

- planning or conducting audits,
- certifying or determining the completeness or accuracy of the Corporation's financial statements or that those financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or
- guaranteeing the report of the Corporation's independent auditor.

The fundamental responsibility for the Corporation's financial statements and disclosure rests with management and the independent auditors are responsible for auditing those financial statements. It is not the duty of the Committee to conduct investigations, to itself resolve disagreements (if any) between management and the independent auditor or to ensure compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

#### 2. Reports

The Committee shall report to the Board on a regular basis and, in any event, before the public disclosure by the Corporation of its quarterly and annual financial results. The reports of the Committee shall include any issues of which the Committee is aware with respect to:

- the quality or integrity of the Corporation's financial statements;
- compliance by the Corporation with legal or regulatory requirements in respect of financial matters and disclosure;

- the performance and independence of the Corporation's independent auditor;
- the effectiveness of systems of control (including risk management) established by management to safeguard the assets (real and intangible) of the Corporation; and
- the proper maintenance of accounting and other records.

The Committee shall also prepare, as required by applicable law, any audit committee report required for inclusion in the Corporation's publicly filed documents.

## 3. Composition

The members of the Committee shall be three or more individuals who are appointed (and may be replaced) by the Board. Each of the members of the Committee shall meet the standards for independence required by applicable regulatory, stock exchange and securities law requirements and, without limitation, shall be financially literate (or acquire that familiarity within a reasonable period after appointment). This shall, at a minimum, include the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Corporation's financial statements. No member of the Committee shall accept (directly or indirectly) any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Corporation (other than remuneration for acting in his or her capacity as a director) or be an "affiliated person" of the Corporation. (For this purpose, an "affiliate" of a person is a person that, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with the first person.) Without the approval of the Board, no member of the Committee shall concurrently serve on the audit committee of a competitor or client.

## 4. Responsibilities

It is recognized that, in fulfilling their responsibilities, members of the Committee are not full-time employees of the Corporation. As such, it is not the duty or responsibility of the Committee or its members to conduct "field work" or other types of auditing or accounting reviews or procedures or to determine that the Corporation's financial statements are complete and accurate. Each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons and organizations within and outside the Corporation from which it receives information, and (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee by such persons or organizations absent actual knowledge to the contrary (which shall be promptly reported to the Board).

The Committee shall have authority over, and shall be responsible for, the following specific matters:

#### 4.1. Independent Auditors

For the purposes of this Section 4.1, references to "independent auditors" include a reference to the independent auditors of any material subsidiary of the Corporation if different than the independent auditors of the Corporation (a "**Subsidiary Auditor**").

The Committee shall:

- Recommend to the Board the independent auditor to be nominated for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attestation services for the Corporation.
- Establish the compensation of the independent auditor.
- Obtain confirmation from the independent auditor that it ultimately is accountable, and will report directly, to the Committee and the Board.

- Oversee the independent auditor and, in the context thereof, require the independent auditor to report to the Committee (among other things) any disagreement between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting and the resolution of each such disagreement.
- Adopt policies and procedures for the pre-approval of the retention of the Corporation's independent
  auditor for all audit and permitted non-audit services (subject to any restrictions on such services
  imposed by applicable legislation), including procedures for the delegation of authority to provide such
  approval to one or more members of the Committee.
- At least annually, review the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor.
   In doing so, the Committee should, among other things, undertake the measures set forth in Appendix "A" to this Charter.
- At least annually, review and approve a strategy for the appointment of independent auditors by any of the Corporation's subsidiaries (other than its material subsidiaries).

#### 4.2. The Audit Process, Financial Statements and Related Disclosure

The Committee shall, as it determines to be appropriate:

- Review with management and the independent auditor and, where appropriate, any Subsidiary Auditor:
  - the proposed audit plan and scope of review by the independent auditor or Subsidiary Auditor;
  - before public disclosure, the Corporation's annual audited financial statements and quarterly
    unaudited financial statements, the Corporation's accompanying disclosure of management's
    discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") and earnings
    press releases and make recommendations to the Board as to the approval and dissemination of
    those statements and disclosure;
  - the adequacy of the procedures for the review of the Corporation's public disclosure of financial
    information extracted or derived from the Corporation's financial statements, other than the public
    disclosure referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph and periodically assess the adequacy
    of those procedures and consider whether they are complete and consistent with the information
    known to committee members;
  - financial information and any earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies, recognizing that this review and discussion may be done generally (consisting of a discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and the types of presentations to be made) and need not take place in advance of the disclosure of each release or provision of guidance;
  - any significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation
    of the Corporation's financial statements, including any significant changes in the selection or
    application of accounting principles, any major issues regarding auditing principles and practices,
    and the adequacy of internal controls that could significantly affect the Corporation's financial
    statements;
  - all critical accounting policies and practices used;
  - all alternative treatments of financial information within International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**") that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor;
  - the use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" non-IFRS information;

- the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as any off-balance sheet structures, transactions, arrangements and obligations (contingent or otherwise), on the Corporation's financial statements;
- any disclosures concerning any weaknesses or any deficiencies in the design or operation of
  internal controls or disclosure controls made to the Committee by the Chief Executive Officer and
  the Chief Financial Officer during their certification process in documents filed with applicable
  securities regulators;
- the adequacy of the Corporation's internal accounting controls and management information systems and its financial, auditing and accounting organizations and personnel and any special steps adopted in light of any material control deficiencies; and
- the establishment, and periodic review, of procedures for the review of financial information extracted or derived from the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.
- Review with management the Corporation's guidelines and policies with respect to risk assessment
  and the Corporation's major financial and business risk exposures and the steps management has taken
  to monitor and control such exposures.
- Review with the independent auditor or any Subsidiary Auditor:
  - the quality as well as the acceptability of the accounting principles that have been applied;
  - any problems or difficulties the independent auditor may have encountered during the provision of
    its audit-related services, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested
    information and any significant disagreements with management, any management letter provided
    by the independent auditor or other material communication (including any schedules of
    unadjusted differences) to management and the Corporation's response to that letter or
    communication; and
  - any changes to the Corporation's significant accounting principles and practices suggested by the independent auditor and members of management.
- Review with management all related party transactions and the development of policies and procedures related to those transactions.
- Following completion of the annual audit, review with each of management and the independent auditors (or Subsidiary Auditors) any significant issues, concerns or difficulties encountered during the course of the audit including:
  - restrictions on the scope of work or on access to required or requested information;
  - issues or concerns that arose during the course of the audit concerning the Corporation's internal
    accounting controls, or the fair presentation, completeness or accuracy of the financial statements;
  - analyses prepared by management or the auditors setting forth significant financial reporting
    issues and judgments made in connection with preparation of the financial statements (including
    analysis of the effects of alternative treatments under generally accepted accounting principles).
- Periodically review reports on the Corporation's information technology systems that support the financial reporting process.

- Receive and review reports from other Board committees with regard to matters that could affect the audit or results of operations.
- Oversee appropriate disclosure of the Charter, and other information required to be disclosed by applicable legislation in the Corporation's public disclosure documents, including any management information circular distributed in connection with the solicitation of proxies from the Corporation's security holders.

#### 4.3. Compliance

The Committee shall, as it determines appropriate:

- Review with the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer, other members of management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any employee complaints or published reports, which raise material issues regarding the Corporation's financial statements or accounting policies.
- Review with the Corporation's external legal counsel legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or accounting policies.
- Establish procedures for:
  - the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters; and
  - the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation with concerns regarding any accounting or auditing matters.
- Review independent financial analyst commentary concerning the Corporation and its financial reporting.

## 4.4. <u>Delegation</u>

To avoid any confusion, the Committee responsibilities identified above are the sole responsibility of the Committee and may not be delegated to a different committee.

#### 5. Meetings

The Chair of the Committee shall be selected by the Board. If the Chair of the Committee is not present, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair for the meeting by majority vote of the members of the Committee present.

The Committee shall meet in accordance with a schedule established each year by the Committee, and at other times that the Committee may determine. Quorum for all meetings shall be a majority of the Committee members. Minutes shall be maintained of all meetings of the Committee and copies of the minutes shall be made available to all members of the Board.

The Committee shall meet periodically with the Chief Financial Officer, the independent auditors and external legal counsel in separate sessions. Meeting agendas shall be developed by the Chair of the Committee in consultation with the Corporation's management and the independent auditors. Committee members may propose agenda items through communication with the Chair of the Committee or the Chief Financial Officer. Agendas, together with appropriate briefing materials, shall be circulated to Committee members prior to meetings. At the discretion of the Committee, members of management and others may attend Committee meetings other than the separate sessions with the independent auditors, the Chief Financial Officer and the external legal counsel.

## 6. Resources and Authority

The Committee shall have the resources and the authority appropriate to discharge its responsibilities, including the authority to engage and establish the compensation of, at the expense of the Corporation, outside advisors including experts in particular areas of accounting, legal counsel and other experts or consultants as it determines necessary to carry out its duties, without seeking approval of the Board or management. The Committee will advise the Board of any such action taken.

The Committee has the authority to conduct any investigation appropriate to fulfilling its responsibilities, and has direct access to the independent auditors as well as anyone in the Corporation.

## 7. <u>Annual Evaluation</u>

At least annually, the Committee shall, in a manner it determines to be appropriate:

- Perform a review and evaluation of the performance of the Committee and its members, including the compliance of the Committee with this Charter.
- Review and assess the adequacy of its Charter (including with respect to the procedures regarding the review of the Corporation's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Corporation's financial statements) and recommend to the Board any improvements to this Charter that the Committee determines to be appropriate.

## Appendix "A"

## Qualifications, Performance and Independence of Independent Auditor

- Review the experience and qualifications of the senior members of the independent auditor's team.
- Confirm with the independent auditor that it is in compliance with applicable legal, regulatory and professional standards relating to auditor independence.
- Review and approve clear policies for the hiring by the Corporation of employees or partners or former employees or former partners of the current and former independent auditor.
- Review annual reports from the independent auditor regarding its independence and consider whether there are
  any non-audit services or relationships that may affect the objectivity and independence of the independent
  auditor and, if so, recommend that the Board take appropriate action to satisfy itself of the independence of the
  independent auditor.
- Obtain and review such report(s) from the independent auditor as may be required by applicable legal and regulatory requirements.
- Conduct an evaluation (taking into account the opinions of management) of the independent auditor's
  qualifications, performance and independence and present to the Board the Committee's conclusion in such
  regard.
- Review, as required, the independent auditor's plans with respect to the partner rotation.